

NEWS TODAY

INDIAN OIL CORPORATION LAUNCHES INDIA'S 1ST GREEN HYDROGEN FUEL CELL BUS

• **Hydrogen Fuel cell** is an **electrochemical energy conversion** device that generates **electricity, heat,** and water by using **hydrogen** and **air**.

➤ **Fuel cell technology,** powered by **hydrogen,** is a significant **component of the e-mobility landscape.**

• Working Mechanism

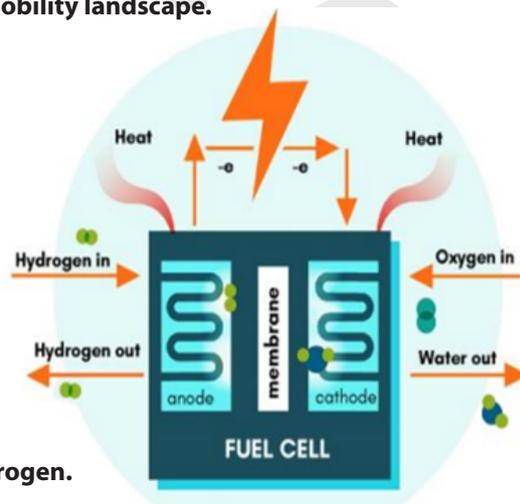
➤ **Fuel cells consist** of two electrodes, an **anode,** and a **cathode,** where the reactions take place.

▪ An **electrolyte** and a **catalyst** in **fuel cell facilitate reactions.**

➤ **Hydrogen enters a cell and splits** into charged protons and electrons at the anode,

➤ **Negatively charged electrons** are **forced through a circuit,** generating electricity, and **propelling vehicles using motors.**

➤ **Positively charged** protons pass through a membrane to cathode, **combining with oxygen to form water.**



• Benefits

➤ **Lower operational costs** due to **higher efficiency** and **high energy density of hydrogen.**

➤ **Shorter refueling time,** and vehicle mileage not influenced by weather conditions.

➤ **Meet climate change goals** through the decarbonization of transportation.

➤ **Overcome issues of smog** and **health problems** caused by air pollution.

• **Issues:** Lack of **infrastructure for production, transportation,** and storage of hydrogen gas, High cost, **Technological challenges like system size, management of air, heat and water, etc.**

AADHAAR, THE MOST TRUSTED DIGITAL ID IN THE WORLD CLAIMS CENTRE

• Refuting the claims made by an investor servicing agency, the centre has claimed that Aadhaar is foolproof.

• Aadhaar is a **12 digit individual identification number** issued by **Unique Identification Authority of India (UIDAI)**

➤ **The collected data** is secured in the **Central Identities Data Repository (CIDR)** of UIDAI.

• Key Features of Aadhaar

➤ **Uniqueness:** The **biometric de-duplication** avoids multiple cards issue for same information.

➤ **Random number:** The **generated number** is random and devoid of any details like caste, religion, income, etc

➤ **Architecture:** Is **open and scalable,** the current authentication service can handle **100 million authentications a day.**

• Measures taken to ensure safety of Aadhaar

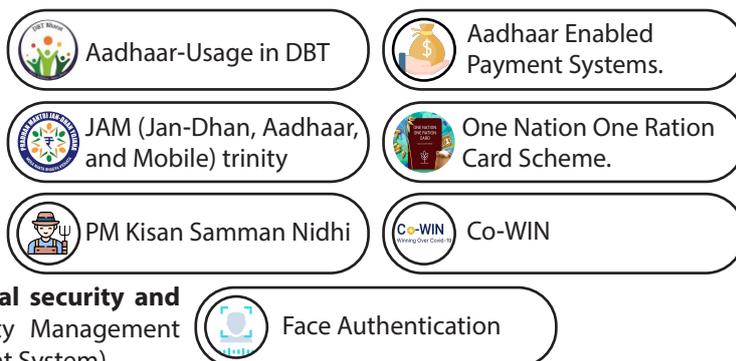
➤ UIDAI has introduced a **two-layered security mechanism for Aadhaar-based fingerprint authentication** to secure Aadhaar.

➤ Parliament has laid down **robust privacy protections in the law governing the Aadhaar system** through robust arrangements.

▪ **Section 32(3) of the Aadhaar Act 2016 prohibits UIDAI from controlling, collecting or maintaining any information** about the purpose of any authentication

➤ **The authentication systems are certified as per international security and privacy standards (ISO 27001:2013 for Information Security Management System and ISO 27701:2019 for Privacy Information Management System).**

THE KEY USAGES OF AADHAAR:





75% OF INDIA'S TOTAL VILLAGES ARE ODF PLUS UNDER SWACHH BHARAT MISSION – GRAMEEN (SBM-G) AS PER MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI.

• More than **4.43 lakh villages** have declared themselves as **Open Defecation Free (ODF) Plus**, which is a significant step towards achieving the **SBM-G phase II goals by 2024-25**.

➤ **Top Performing States/UTs** are **Andaman & Nicobar, D&N Haveli, Goa, Gujarat, Himachal Pradesh, J&K, Karnataka, Kerala, Ladakh, Puducherry, Sikkim, Tamil Nadu, Telangana & Tripura**.

➤ **All Villages in 14 States/UTs achieve ODF Plus Status** and in **4 States/UTs** achieve **100% ODF Plus Model Status**.

• **SBM-G Phase I was launched in 2014** by the **Ministry of Jal Shakti** to **eliminate open defecation** in rural areas by 2019.

➤ Under it, **all villages** in India declared **themselves ODF by 2019**.

• **Phase II of SBM-G, being implemented from 2020-21 to 2024-25**, focuses on the **sustainability of ODF status** and **Solid and Liquid Waste Management (SLWM)**, making **villages ODF Plus**.

• **Major components under SBM-G** are:

➤ **Plastic Waste Management (PWM)**, and **Faecal Sludge Management (FSM)**,

➤ **GOBARdhan** (Galvanizing Organic Bio-Agro Resources) - Management of **cattle waste**, agriculture waste and **organic waste**,

➤ **Information Education and Communication/Behaviour Change Communication (IEC/BCC)** and

➤ **Capacity Building**.

INDIA CELEBRATES 5 YEAR OF AYUSHMAN BHARAT AND 2 YEARS OF AYUSHMAN BHARAT DIGITAL MISSION (ABDM)

• Ayushman Bharat aims to move from **sectoral** and **segmented approach** of health service delivery to a **comprehensive need-based health care service**.

➤ Launched as per recommendation of by the **National Health Policy 2017**.

➤ It **subsumed** the **Rashtriya Swasthya Bima Yojana**.

• It has **two components**:

➤ **Health and Wellness Centres (HWCs)**

➤ **Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojana (PM-JAY)**

• **Ayushman Bharat PM-JAY** is the **largest health assurance** scheme. Its key features are:

➤ **Type: Centrally sponsored scheme**

▪ **Funding pattern:** Centre and State is 60:40 in all States except North Eastern States and the three Himalayan States, where the ratio is 90:10.

➤ **Objective:** Provides a cover of **Rs. 5 lakhs per family per year for secondary and tertiary care hospitalization** across public and private empanelled hospitals.

▪ There is no restriction on the family size, age or gender.

• **Eligibility:** Households included are based on the deprivation and occupational criteria of Socio-Economic Caste Census 2011 (SECC 2011).

➤ Families that were **covered in Rashtriya Swasthya Bima Yojana** but **not in SECC, 2011** are **also eligible**

• **Key achievements of PM-JAY:**

➤ **9.30 crore families covered**.

➤ **48% hospitalization for Women**

➤ **More than 27000 hospital empanelled**

ABOUT ABDM (LAUNCHED IN 2021)

• Aims to develop the backbone necessary to support the **integrated digital health infrastructure** of the country.

• **Key Objectives:**

➤ To manage the **core digital health data**, and the infrastructure.

➤ To create a system of **personal health records** based on international standards

CRITERIA OF OPEN DEFECATION FREE (ODF)

SBM ODF: If not a single person is found defecating in the open.

SBM ODF+: ODF status conditions and all community and public toilets are functional and well maintained.

SBM ODF++: ODF+ status conditions and Toilets with sludge and septage management.

KOLE WETLANDS OF KERALA FACE THREAT OF ALIEN PLANTS

• **Cabomba Furcuta, aka Pink Bloom**, due its massive flowering, has been a new threat to the Kole fields, in addition to water hyacinth and Salvinia molesta.

➤ It is the reason **behind the pink color of the wetland**.

• **About Cabomba Furcuta:**

➤ Native to **Central and South America**

➤ It is a **submerged perennial aquatic plant** that grows in **stagnant to slow-flowing freshwater**.

➤ It requires a **large quantity of oxygen for its growth** and it chokes water bodies and drainage canals.

➤ It **causes decline in diversity of native aquatic plants** and causes economic losses by affecting yield of freshwater fishes.

• **About Vembanad Kole Wetland**

➤ It is the **largest brackish lake of Kerala, fed by 10 rivers**.

➤ Pamba and Achankovil rivers in Vembanad form part of the **Kuttanad**. It is famous for exotic fish varieties and paddy fields that are below sea level.

➤ It gets in the way of the **Central Asian Flyway**, harbors birds like **Spot billed Pelican** and others.

RAMSAR CONVENTION

• **Ramsar Convention** adopted in 1971, is an **intergovernmental treaty** under UNESCO that provides the framework for the conservation and wise use of wetlands and their resources.

• Currently, there are **75 Ramsar sites** in India.



MINISTRY OF ROAD TRANSPORT & HIGHWAYS URGES STAKEHOLDERS TO SUPPORT VEHICLE SCRAPPING POLICY

- **Vehicle Scrapping Policy 2021 (Voluntary Vehicle-Fleet Modernization Program)** aimed at **creating an ecosystem** for phasing out **old, unsafe, polluting** vehicles and replacing them with efficient vehicles.
- **Targets:** voluntary scrapping of **~1 crore unfit vehicles based on their fitness**, irrespective of vehicle age.
- **Key Provisions**
 - **De-registrations of vehicles:** Commercial vehicles **over 15 years old** and personal vehicles **over 20 years old** are marked for scrapping and **will be deregistered**.
 - **Incentives:** concession in **motor vehicle tax of up to 25%** for **non-transport vehicles** and up to **15% for transport vehicles**.
 - **New vehicle registration fees** waived against **scrapping certificate**.
 - **Scrapping center** gives **4-6% of the ex-showroom price of a new vehicle** for a scraped vehicle.
- **Stakeholder support** can be driven by **3 pillars** viz.
 - Setting up **Automated Testing Stations** - for automated **fitness testing**.
 - **Registered Vehicle Scrapping Facilities** - Promote **safe scrapping** of vehicles and its price discovery.
 - **More awareness among citizens**
- **Benefits:**
 - It can increase **auto sales by about 8%** and **contribute 0.5% to the country's GDP**.
 - Result in a **good recovery of metals, etc. from scrap**.
 - Improve **compliance** with **environmental protection** regulations etc.

● **Challenges in implementation:** Low **traceability of vehicle** owner channels, High variance in pricing, **Limited check on compliance** etc.

ALSO IN NEWS



Justice Gita Mittal Committee

- It was **constituted** by the **Supreme Court** as an three member women committee in context of **Manipur**.
 - Its objective was to **supervise, intervene** and **monitor relief** and **rehabilitation**, restoration of homesteads, religious places of worships, better relief work, etc. in Manipur.



SARFAESI Act 2002

- **RBI mandates banks to disclose seized borrower assets** as per **Securitisation and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest (SARFAESI) Act**
- **SARFAESI Act of 2002 was brought to protect financial institutions** against loan defaulters.
- It **allows secured creditors to seize** collateral against loan, after a 60-day default notice.
- Borrower's **right of redemption of asset will get extinguished** once the bank publishes an auction notice for the sale.



Unified Registration Portal for GOBARdhan

- Portal seeks to **streamline the registration of Compressed Bio-Gas (CBG)** and biogas plants nationwide.
 - CBG/Biogas plants registered in the portal are eligible for assistance of **Rs. 1500/MT** under the **Market Development Assistance (MDA)** scheme of the Ministry of Chemicals & Fertilizers.
- **GOBARdhan (Galvanizing Organic Bio-Agro Resources Dhan) Scheme** under the **Ministry of Jal Shakti**.
- **Aim:** To generate wealth and energy by converting cattle dung, agricultural residue, and other organic waste into Biogas, CBG and biofertilizers.



UrbanShift Asia Forum

- First programme of UrbanShift Asia Forum was inaugurated in New Delhi.
 - Its **objective** is to Provide **training** and **capacity-building** to **regional cities** on various facets of **integrated** and **sustainable urban development**.
 - It brings together diverse expertise, trainers and businesses to find holistic and hands-on **solutions for tackling urban challenges**.
- **Funded by:** Global Environment Facility, led by the UN Environment Programme and implemented in partnership with the World Resources Institute, C40 Cities, etc.



Asola Bhatti wildlife sanctuary (ABWS)

- **Asola Bhatti Sanctuary** is situated in the northeastern part of **Aravalli range**, classified as **tropical desert thorny forest**.
- **Range:** stretches across **32.71 square kilometers** in the south-eastern part of the **Delhi Ridge**
- **Fauna:** Sambar, Spotted deer, Hog deer, Nilgai, Black Buck, Indian Boar, leopards, Striped hyenas, and rhesus macaques, among other animals.
- ABWS is also part of the **Sariska-Delhi Wildlife Corridor**
- **Neeli jheel-manmade lake** lies in this sanctuary.

 <p>International Coffee Organization (ICO)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fifth World Coffee Conference was inaugurated in India by ICO, in association with Coffee Board of India a statutory organization under the Ministry of Commerce and Industry. • It is being held for the first time in an Asian coffee-producing country. • About ICO <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Established in 1963 under the aegis of the United Nations and following the approval of the first International Coffee Agreement in 1962. • Represents 93% of world coffee production and 63% of world consumption. • Objectives <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ to strengthen the global coffee sector ➤ promote sustainable expansion in a market-based environment for the benefit of all actors in the Global Coffee Value Chain (G-CVC). • Only intergovernmental organization for coffee, bringing together exporting and importing Governments. • Membership: 43 exporting members (including India) and 6 importing members.
 <p>Ring of fire</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ring of fire will occur on the upcoming solar eclipse in October • During an Eclipse when the moon obstructs the sun but does not fully cover the disk of the sun, leaving a thin outer ring often called a "ring of fire." <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Solar Eclipse occurs when the moon travels between Earth and the sun, obstructing the view of the sun's face.
 <p>CE20 E13 engine</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Indian Space Research Organisation (ISRO) has successfully fired and tested the CE20 E13 engine at Propulsion Complex (IPRC) in Mahendragiri, Tamil Nadu. • CE20 is a critical component of the Cryogenic Upper Stage (CUS) that powers the upper stage (C25) of the LVM3 (Geosynchronous Satellite Launch Vehicle Mk III) vehicle. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ LVM3 is configured as a three stage vehicle with two solid strap-on motors (S200), one liquid core stage (L110) and a high thrust cryogenic upper stage (C25). • Developed by the Liquid Propulsion Systems Centre (LPSC) in Valiamala, Kerala. • Benefit: It will play a key role in the launch of Gaganyaan mission (human-habitable space capsule capable of carrying a three-member crew into an orbit of 400 km).
 <p>Woman odhuvar</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tamil Nadu government has appointed women Odhuvars in temples. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Odhuvars are in the service of Lord Shiva by singing his praise from Thirumurai in Saivite temples. • Thirumurai is a twelve-volume compendium of songs in praise of Lord Shiva from the 6th to the 10th century CE by Nayanars in Tamil Nadu. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ This first 7 are called Tevaram, written by 3 important nayanar saints Sundarar, Sambandar and Appar. ➤ Manikavasagar completed the 8th Book. ➤ The first 9 books are called Thothithiram (in praise of Shiva). ➤ 10th contains compositions of Tirumular. ➤ 11th has minor works by a Female poet Karaikkal Ammaiyar and Nambi Andar. ➤ 12th is called the Periyarpuranam.
 <p>Personality in News</p>	<p>Pandit Deendayal Upadhyay (1916 –1968)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Born in Uttar Pradesh, he was a Rashtriya Swayam sevak Sangh thinker and co-founder of the Bharatiya Jana Sangh. • Leader for adoption Swadeshi economic policies based on cultural, civilizational, and nationalist values. • Philosophy: integral humanism – Ekatma Manawvad, a non-dualistic philosophy of Advaita Vedanta • Contributions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ In the 1940s, he started the monthly Rashtra Dharma publication, started a weekly magazine 'Panchjanya' and a daily 'Swadesh'. ➤ Books: He authored Samrat Chandragupta, Jagatguru Sankaracharya, Akhand Bharat Kyon? Rashtra Chintan, etc. • Ethical values: integrity, objectivity, diligence, nationalist,