09th FEB, 2023



NEWS TODAY

RISE OF ANTIMICROBIAL RESISTANCE (AMR) COULD RESULT IN UP TO 10 MILLION ANNUAL DEATHS BY 2050: UN REPORT

- Findings are part of **report by UN Environment Programme (UNEP) on environmental dimensions of AMR,** which already is taking a serious toll on health of humans, animals, and plants, as well as the economy.
 - > AMR occurs when microorganisms such as bacteria, viruses, parasites or fungi become resistant to antimicrobial treatments to which they were previously susceptible.
- Key Findings of the report
 - > Microorganisms (particularly bacteria) can acquire resistance following contact with resistant microorganisms that may have originated or introduced in environment.
 - > When antimicrobials are released into environment new AMR can develop by:
 - Spontaneous mutation, acquisition and transmission by mobile genetic elements.
 - Horizontal gene transfer events between environmental and plant, animal or human associated bacteria.
 - > AMR challenges are closely linked to triple planetary crisis of climate change, biodiversity loss and pollution and waste.
 - > 3 key sectors of AMR development and spread in environment: Pharmaceuticals and other chemical manufacturing, agriculture and food production, Healthcare.
 - > Transmission and spread of AMR are not confined to point-sources. Transient and diffuse sources, which include water agricultural runoff, airborne transmission, wildlife migration etc can also be important.

RBI'S MONETARY POLICY COMMITTEE (MPC) LIFTS LOAN COSTS TO TAME INFLATION

- MPC increased Repo Rate by 25 basis points (bps) to 6.5% targeting high core or underlying inflation.
 - > Repo rate is the rate at which RBI lends short-term funds to banks. Increase in repo rate inhibits banks from borrowing money, reducing amount of money in market and helps to negate inflation.
 - > Core inflation is change in **costs of goods and services** (except volatile food and energy price).
- Other Key decisions

Payment and Settlement Systems	• Extension of Unified Payments Interface (UPI) to all inbound travelers to India or their merchant payments (P2M) while they are in the country.	
	• To start with, it will be extended to travellers from G-20 countries at select international airports.	
	UPI is an instant payment system developed by National Payments Corporation of India (NPCI), an RBI regulated entity.	
	> It is built over IMPS infrastructure and allows instant transfer of money between any two parties' bank accounts.	
Currency Management	• QR Code based Coin Vending Machine (QCVM) pilot project from RBI and leading banks.	
	It is a cashless coin dispensation machine to dispense coins against a debit to the customer's bank account using UPI.	
	> QCVM would eliminate need for physical tendering of banknotes and their authentication.	

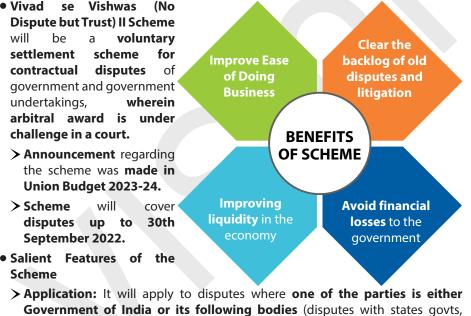
A concerted systems approach like One Health Approach. Integration of environmental considerations into AMR National Action Plans. Create robust national level governance, planning and legal framework. Increase global efforts to improve integrated water management. Environmental monitoring and surveillance.

RECOMMENDATIONS IN REPORT

CENTRAL BOARD OF DIRECT TAXES (CBDT) REVISES NORMS FOR PROCESSING OF **EQUALISATION LEVY (EL)**

- Provisions are part of Centralised Processing of Equalisation Levy Statement Scheme, 2023 for processing of statements furnished under Finance Act, 2016.
 - > Presently, procedure for processing of EL statements is lacking which had created some uncertainty, especially regarding refund claims made.
- EL, also known as Google tax, is a direct tax introduced in 2016 to tax digital economy.
 - > Applicable on non-residents e-commerce operators (ECO), it was initially (EL 1.0) levied at 6% of gross consideration on online advertisements and digital advertising space.
 - > In 2020 (EL 2.0), its scope was widened and new levy now includes a 2% tax on gross revenues received by a non-resident ECO from provision of 'e-commerce supply or service' to Indian residents or non-resident companies having a permanent establishment in India.
- Key highlights of revised norms
 - > Centralised Processing Centre of Income Tax department will process EL statements electronically.
 - > A new provision for faceless discussions.
- OECD has also given a 'Two-Pillar Solution' to address Tax Challenges Arising from Digitalisation of Economy.
 - > It is agreed by nearly 138 countries including India.
- > Once adopted, it will replace unilateral measures or levies such as EL from India.

DRAFT VIVAD SE VISHWAS-II SCHEME NOTIFIED BY **MINISTRY OF FINANCE**



Union Budget 2023-24. > Scheme will

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- disputes up to 30th September 2022.
- Salient Features of the Scheme
 - > Application: It will apply to disputes where one of the parties is either Government of India or its following bodies (disputes with states govts, another private firm not covered):
 - Centre's autonomous bodies.
 - Public sector banks and financial institutions.
 - All central Public sector enterprises.
 - UTs, including NCT of Delhi, and their agencies.
 - Organizations where the Centre has a 50% stake, like metro rail.
 - > Settlement: It offers a graded settlement terms depending on pendency level of the dispute.
 - > Implementation: It will be implemented through Government e-Marketplace (GeM).
 - > Proposed to **cover only domestic arbitration** and not international arbitration.

- **Pillar One:** 25% of the residual profits of about 100 of largest and most profitable MNCs will be reallocated to market jurisdictions where the companies' users are located.
- Pillar Two: A global minimum tax of 15% on corporate profits (applicable to MNCs with annual global revenue of over 750 million euros).

INDIAN FIRM SUCCESSFULLY TEST-FIRES WORLD'S FIRST **3D-PRINTED ROCKET ENGINE**

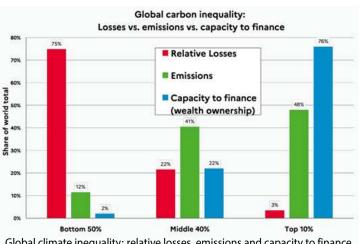
- Agnikul-Cosmos, a space-tech startup incubated in IIT-Madras, has successfully conducted the flight acceptance test for its 3D printed rocket engine "Agnilet".
- Unlike other rocket engines, Agnilet was built in a single step, eliminating thousands of parts that are typically assembled in a conventional rocket engine.
 - > It is a semi-cryogenic engine, which uses a mixture of liquid kerosene at room temperature and super cold liquid oxygen as fuel.
 - > During the test, it generated sea level thrust of 6 kilo Newton.
- Agnilet Engine will power the company's launch vehicle, Agnibaan, which is capable of carrying payloads of up to 100kg to a low-earth orbit.
 - > Launch of Agnibaan will be the second by a private firm - after Hyderabad-based Skyroot Aerospace's Viksram-S, which took place in November 2022.
- Earlier Agnikul also unveiled India's first privately designed and operated rocket launchpad and mission control centre (located at Sriharikota).
 - > It is specifically built to support liquid-stage controlled launches while also addressing ISRO's need for monitoring key flight safety parameters during launches.

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POOR OF A COUNTRY EMIT LESS, LOSS MORE: CLIMATE INEQUALITY REPORT 2023

- Report, by World Inequality Lab, aims to shed light on various dimensions of climate inequality and suggest pathways to tackle climate inequalities.
- Key Highlights of the report
 - Top 10% of global carbon emitters generate almost half of all greenhouse gas emissions.
 - Difference between carbon emissions of the rich and poor within a country is now greater than differences in emissions between countries.
 - Climate Change aggravates low agricultural productivity in poorer countries, as well as water scarcity and security.
 - Carbon budgets required to eradicate poverty remain relatively limited compared with global top emitters' footprints.
- Suggested pathways



Global climate inequality: relative losses, emissions and capacity to finance

- > Significant resources should be invested in production and collection of climate inequality statistics in all countries.
- > Step-up efforts to honor climate finance pledges and further increase international development aid.
- > Windfall taxes on excess profits could help to fund low-carbon investment.
- > Developing countries also need to reform their domestic tax systems to redistribute more from the wealthy.
- > Systematically investigate both intended and unintended consequences of climate and development policy across income and wealth group.

ALSO IN NEWS

ACC	 Article 87 deals with President's special address to houses of parliament at commencement of first session after each general election and the first session of every fiscal year Following this, a 'motion of thanks' is moved in two Houses thanking President for his/her address, which is then put to vote. MPs can express their disagreement by moving amendments to the motion. Defeat of 'Motion of thanks' is seen as a 'defeat of the government.
Alderman	 Supreme Court said that Constitution does not allow aldermans of a municipality right to vote in meetings. Alderman refers to a member of a city council or municipal body, with exact responsibilities depending on the location of its usage. According to Delhi Municipal Corporation Act of 1957, LG (of National Capital Territory of Delhi) may nominate ten individuals who are above age of 25 to the corporation. Aldermen play an important role in the elections of Standing Committees, MCD in-house and ward committee meeting.
Global International Biofuel Alliance (GIBA)	 GIBA was launched by India during India Energy Week 2023. GIBA will help create a favourable ecosystem for promoting development and deployment of biofuels with key stakeholders including US, Brazil, EU, IEA etc. as a clean mobility alternative under India's G20 Presidency. Biofuel is defined as liquid, solid, or gaseous fuel produced by conversion of biomass such as bioethanol from sugar cane or corn, charcoal or woodchips, and biogas from anaerobic decomposition of waste.
Groundwater Quality	 Central Ground Water Board found the groundwater in parts of Delhi brackish with high presence of nitrates and uranium. Brackish water is water that is saltier than fresh water, but not as salty as seawater. Nitrate (NO3) is a compound found in nature. Higher levels of nitrates are harmful for health, especially for babies. Its permissible limit is 45 mg/l. Uranium is a naturally occurring radioactive chemical element that occurs in low concentrations in nature. Uranium presence in drinking water can cause nephritis (kidney damage).





Dickinsonia	• An alleged fossil discovered near Bhopal about 2 years ago and thought to be of an extinct Dickinsonia turned out to be an impression of a decayed beehive.
	• Dickinsonia is considered to be Earth's oldest animal , dating back 570 million years ago (late Ediacaran period).
	> It is an extinct genus of a basal animal (animals which have radial symmetry in their body plans).
	It is considered an integral links between early, simple organisms and then explosion of life in Cambrian Period that was around 541 million years ago.
	> Dickinsonia has been found in Australia, Russia, Ukraine, China.
AS	• Y20 is the official youth engagement group of G20.
	 It provides a platform that allows youth to express their vision & ideas on G20 priorities and to
	raise awareness of global issues, exchange ideas, argue, negotiate, and reach consensus.
Youth 20 (Y20)	• Recently, Y20 inception meeting concluded with launch of several themes of Y20 including Future of work, Shared future, Health, Wellbeing & Sports etc.
	Dr Zakir Hussain(1897-1969)
	• President paid tributes to Dr Zakir Hussain on his 126th birth anniversary.
	• He served as third President of India and first Muslim to hold the position.
	• He helped found the Muslim National University in Aligarh (later moved to New Delhi and today known as Jamia Millia Islamia) and served as its vice-chancellor from 1926 to 1948.
	• He became chairman of National Committee on Basic Education, established in 1937 to design a Gandhian syllabus for school.
Personality in News	• From 1956–58 he served on the executive board of UNESCO.
	• He was awarded the Bharat Ratna in 1963.
	• Personality traits: Secular, institution builder.
	Fiji (Capital: Suva) Pacific Ocean
	• Deputy PM of Fiji has expressed hope to partner with India in
	 Fiji is an island nation in Melanesia and an archipelago in
	Southern Pacific Ocean consisting of around 330 islands.
	• It is located in Oceania between Hawaii and New Zealand.
	• Two major islands - Viti Levu and Vanua Levu - make up 87% of Fiji's total landmass.
	Geographical Features
	> Highest point: Mount Tomanivi, an extinct volcano.
	Grishneshwar temple
Places in News	It is located in the Aurangabad district of Maharastra, near Devagiri fort and Ellora Caves.
	• It is one of the 12 Jyotirlinga shrines and the smallest of all, dedicated to Lord Shiva and has been mentioned in the Shiva
	Purana and Padma Purana.
	• Temple is constructed using red stones in an interlocking pattern and is composed of a five-tier spire or shikara.
	• Current structure was built by Queen Ahilyabai Holkar of Indore in 18th century AD.
	Ellora Caves
	• Ellora caves (6th to 10th century CE) lie in Charanandri hills in Aurangabad, Maharashtra.
	 Listed by UNESCO as a World Heritage Site in 1983 and known for
	its Hindu, Buddhist, and Jain temples and monuments.
	• Group of 34 caves – 17 Brahmanical, 12 Buddhist and 5 Jain.
	• One of the largest single rock cut monastic cave complexes in the world.
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